

თქვენ წინაშეა საგამოცდო ტესტის ბუკლეტი და ტესტის პასუხების ფურცელი. ყურადღებით გაეცანით ტესტის ყოველი დავალების პირობას და ისე შეასრულეთ დავალებები. პასუხები გადაიტანეთ პასუხების ფურცელზე.

ბასწორდება მხოლოდ პასუხების ფურცელი!

პასუხის მონიშვნისას:

- პასუხების ფურცელზე მოძებნეთ დავალების შესაბამისი ნომერი.
- ამ ნომრის ქვეშ მოცემულ უჯრებში X-ით აღნიშნეთ თქვენს მიერ არჩეული პასუხი. მაგალითად, თუ მე-3 საკითხის პასუხად აირჩიეთ პასუხის B ვარიანტი, მაშინ პასუხების ფურცელზე უნდა მოძებნოთ მე-3 საკითხის დავალების რიგი და ამ რიგში, პასუხის (B) სვეტის შესაბამის უჯრაში დასვათ X ნიშანი (იხ. ნიმუში).

გაითვალისწინეთ:

- თქვენს მიერ არჩეული პასუხის სწორად მონიშვნის ერთადერთი გზა სათანადო უჯრაში X ნიშნის დასმაა.
- დასაშვებია, რომ X ნიშანი გამოსცდეს თეთრ უჯრას (იხ. ნიმუში), მაგრამ იგი არ უნდა იყოს უჯრაზე მოკლე.
- თითოეული საკითხის შესაბამის რიგში უნდა მონიშნოთ მხოლოდ ერთი პასუხი, ანუ მხოლოდ ერთ უჯრაში დასვათ X ნიშანი. თუ რიგში ერთზე მეტ X ნიშანს დასვამთ, ამ საკითხის არცერთი პასუხი არ ჩაითვლება სწორად.
- თუ გსურთ პასუხების ფურცელზე მონიშნული პასუხის გადასწორება, მთლიანად გააფერადეთ უჯრა, რომელშიც დასვით X ნიშანი, და შემდეგ მონიშნეთ პასუხის ახალი ვარიანტი (დასვით X ნიშანი ახალ უჯრაში). ელექტრონული პროგრამა არჩეულ პასუხად მხოლოდ X ნიშნიან უჯრას აღიქვამს (იხ. ნიმუში, საკითხები 2 და 3).
- შეუძლებელია ხელმეორედ აირჩიოთ ის პასუხი, რომელიც გადაასწორეთ (ანუ ის პასუხი, რომლის შესაბამისი უჯრა უკვე მთლიანად გააფერადეთ). ამიტომ გადასწორების წინ დაფიქრება გმართებთ.

ნიმუში:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	...
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
...	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

არსად მიუთითოთ თქვენი სახელი და გვარი, დავალება რომელშიც მითითებული იქნება თქვენი სახელი ან გვარი არ გასწორდება!

ტესტის შესასრულებლად გეძლევათ 2 საათი და 30 წუთი

გისურვებთ წარმატებას!

TASK 1: LISTENING

You are going to listen to ten texts. For each of them answer the question given. Mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

You have twenty seconds to look through the task. You will hear each recording twice.

1. Where is the dialogue taking place?
A. At the furniture shop C. At the restaurant
B. At the library D. At the concert hall

2. Where is the dialogue taking place?
A. At the bank C. At the airport
B. At the railway station D. At the ticket office

3. What time does the concert start?
A. At half past 7 C. At half past 6
B. At 7 o'clock D. At 6 o'clock

4. When did the man find out that he had lost his umbrella?
A. When it started to rain. C. As soon as he got off the bus.
B. When he arrived home. D. When he got on the bus.

5. Why does the man want to borrow the book?
A. He loves Salinger. C. He needs it for his presentation.
B. He loves American literature. D. He wants to read it.

6. What is the text about?
A. Hollywood life C. Movie fans
B. The film industry D. A film star

7. What is the text about?
A. A historic building C. The great fire
B. The industrial demonstration D. The modern art gallery

8. What does Monica do in her free time?
A. Buys pizzas C. Goes to a restaurant
B. Works as a waitress D. Sings in a jazz band

9. Where did Levi Strauss come from?
A. Alaska C. California
B. Germany D. Italy

10. Why did Peter like being in Georgia?
A. He loves animals. C. He enjoys making films.
B. He loves mountains. D. He enjoys documentaries.

TASK 2: READING

Read the statements (1-8). Then read the advertisements and find which statement corresponds to which advertisement. Next to each statement write a letter (A-F). Some advertisements correspond to more than one statement.

1. George is a 20-year-old university student who loves adventure. This spring he wants to join backpack travellers in the USA to see a famous sight of natural beauty for free. _____
2. Zura has been on many climbing expeditions in Georgia. But this time he wants to go abroad in summer and climb a famous mountain in a place more unfamiliar to him. _____
3. Tamuna is a young architect. She has been saving money for a long time to go on a sightseeing holiday to see skyscrapers and take amazing city sunset photos. _____
4. Your grandfather in his late 70s is still very strong and energetic. This summer he would like to visit some architectural monuments of the ancient world for free. _____
5. You are a young film director. You would like to visit a famous royal residence in summer to collect information for your new documentary about a famous royal family. _____
6. Mariam is a photographer who loves taking photos of wildlife. But this time she would like to take panoramic pictures of a big busy city from high above. _____
7. David is an experienced mountain hiker who wants to explore one of the world's most beautiful natural sights in America. _____
8. Levan has been practising rock climbing for some time. However, this autumn he wants to try mountain climbing with an experienced guide. _____

Popular tourist attractions

A.

Enjoy the majesty of **Buckingham Palace** in the company of an expert guide. During the summer months, when the Queen is on holiday in Scotland, part of the palace is open to public. You can walk through 19 beautifully furnished rooms and visit the palace gardens of the British monarchs.

B.

Whether you are a beginner or experienced climber, **Mount Kazbegi** in the north of Georgia is a perfect destination for you! Climbing this beautiful snow-covered peak is an unforgettable experience. Join our guides on a big adventure to the top. The climbing season is open from June to late September.

C.

Huge, magnificent and beautiful, **the Grand Canyon** is the USA's most famous sight and a natural wonder that you simply have to see to believe. This is a real hiking paradise for adventure travellers. From easy hikes to backpacking trips, Grand Canyon hiking has something for everyone. Free for students.

D.

The Coliseum is a must-see sight for anyone visiting Rome. Book a guided tour and spend the day exploring the amazing architecture of the monument that is seen as a proof of the once-glorious Roman Empire. Did you know that for visitors under 18 and over 65 the entrance is free?

E.

The legendary **Mount Fuji** stands 3,776 metres tall and is Japan's highest mountain. Over one million people hike to the top of Mount Fuji each year. The climbing season is from April to August only. Watching the sunrise from the top of this exotic mountain is an unforgettable experience.

F.

Until you see New York City from the top of **the Empire State Building**, you haven't really seen it! You'll remember the sky-high buildings and amazing views of the busy city at sunset forever. The express lift takes less than a minute to take you to the 86th floor at 320 metres above the ground.

TASK 3: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F).

The famous secret agent

James Bond, code name 007, is an unreal hero created in 1953 by a British journalist and writer Ian Fleming. Bond appeared in Fleming's twelve novels and two short-story collections. Six other authors have also written Bond novels. James Bond has an identity number of 007, pronounced: double-oh seven. In Bond's spy world 'double-oh' means a 'licence to kill'. There are a series of films and some video games about the character. It is estimated that one out of three people living on the planet today has seen Bond on television. He is probably one of the most famous Englishmen who has never lived.

Fleming based his fictional character on a number of people he came across during World War II and admitted that Bond was a compound of all the secret agents and military people he had met during the war. Once, Fleming saw the cover of a book on bird-watching by an American author named 'James Bond', and thought it would be a good name for his spy, since he wanted a name that sounded 'as ordinary as possible'. Some part of the Bond character was based on the life of Fleming himself, who was famous for his glamorous lifestyle.

James Bond was one of cinema's first action heroes. Before Bond, adventure films were mostly about soldiers or detectives. The fictional James Bond is the son of a Scottish father and a Swiss mother, both of whom died in a climbing accident. After the death of his parents, Bond goes to live with his aunt, where he completes his early education. Later he goes to school at Eton College. James Bond also has a degree in Oriental Languages from Cambridge University. Bond serves in the Royal Navy as a Commander before joining the Secret Service. In both the book and movie he gets married, but his wife is killed the same day. Bond is employed by the British Secret Intelligence Service, or MI6, an institution which really exists. His bosses are known by single letters such as M and Q.

The Bond films are admired for a number of reasons, including the musical background and the songs which have received Academy Awards. Other important elements which run through most of the films include Bond's suits, cars, guns, various gadgets and shocking acts. Thanks to Bond films its producers have earned almost 12 billion US dollars worldwide. Bond is truly a global phenomenon. Since its creation, the fictional British secret agent 007 has influenced countless other adventure and spy movies - with their famous car chases, stunts, gadgets and guns, pretty girls, various dangerous criminals and spectacular explosions. Bond helped Sean Connery to start a successful career and has since been played by five different actors. Daniel Craig is the last and, for many people, the best James Bond since Sean Connery.

1. Ian Fleming is the only writer to have written books about Bond. T F
2. The character of James Bond appears in movies only. T F
3. Bond's character was based on several real-life people. T F
4. James Bond's parents were killed in a road accident. T F
5. James Bond lost his wife on his wedding day. T F
6. The secret organisation MI6 was invented by the writer. T F
7. Several important factors make the Bond films popular. T F
8. James Bond has been an inspiration for many other movies about spies. T F
9. Sean Connery and Daniel Craig are considered the best as James Bond. T F
10. The text is about the writer who was the first to write James Bond novels. T F

TASK 4: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

Which paragraph

1. gives the reason why Tesla had to leave school? _____
2. explains why Tesla and Edison became enemies? _____
3. has information about the system which is nowadays widely used? _____
4. mentions Tesla's exceptional skill as a child? _____
5. proves that Tesla's inventions were not dangerous? _____
6. gives the definition of 'a patent'? _____
7. could have the title 'An unpaid job'? _____
8. could have the title 'An experiment on oneself'? _____

Nikola Tesla – a talented scientist

A. Nikola Tesla is one of the most important inventors in history. Tesla is the author of over 120 inventions. Most of them are still used today in one form or another. He invented fluorescent lamps - lamps that give natural light, sun-powered engines, robots, the first electric clock, and many other things. However, Tesla's fundamental invention was Alternating Current electricity, or AC. This electrical system is used in every home, factory and office in the modern world. Yet most people do not even know who Nikola Tesla was.

B. Nikola Tesla was born in 1856 in Smiljan, Croatia. Nikola was an unusual child. He had a photographic memory - he could remember whole pages of books after he looked at them very quickly. He also liked to write poetry. When Tesla was five, he built a waterwheel; he also tried to fly in a homemade plane. As a child, Nikola was often sick with mysterious illnesses that doctors couldn't cure. After his elder brother's unexpected death, Nikola started to behave strangely.

C. At the age of eight Nikola already spent nights reading books. Later, when he was a student at the University of Prague, he studied from three o'clock in the morning until eleven o'clock at night. For most of his life, Tesla slept for only two hours a night. When Tesla's father died, he had to leave school and find a job. Tesla went to work for a telephone company in Budapest. While working as an engineer for the company, he offered them one of his inventions but the company wasn't interested in it.

D. Tesla went to the United States to talk to a great American inventor, Thomas Edison, about his invention. But Edison who was the inventor of the Direct Current (DC) system of electricity didn't like Tesla's idea. Yet Edison gave Tesla a project he thought was impossible to accomplish. Tesla started his day at half past ten in the morning and stopped working at 5 o'clock the next morning. He did this seven days a week. Sometimes he worked for two or three days without stopping. When Tesla completed the project, Edison refused to pay him the 50,000 US dollars he had promised. After this, Edison and Nikola Tesla turned into enemies.

E. Nikola Tesla created the Tesla Electric Light Company and received 40 patents for his AC equipment. Patents are legal papers that give a person the right to make or sell a new invention. Then Tesla sold the patents to George Westinghouse, the head of Westinghouse Electric Company, for more than four million US dollars from future sales. Both Tesla and Edison did their best to prove which system, AC or DC, was the best. Thomas Edison tried to make people think Tesla's AC system was bad. He actually told the press that the AC system was dangerous.

F. Meanwhile Nikola Tesla gave speeches around the USA. He also invited the press to his laboratory to show that his inventions were safe. Once, Tesla let one million volts of electricity pass through his body without using a wire. As a result the bulb lit in his hand. A few years later, Westinghouse Company used AC generators at Niagara Falls, a huge waterfall on the US and Canadian border, to send electric power 35 kilometres away to the city of Buffalo. This made Nikola Tesla world famous.

TASK 5: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

This is a true story told by an American journalist.

Last Friday I decided not to go to work as I had a terrible headache. I took my laptop and walked down to a nearby café. I wanted to have my breakfast and check my emails there. I'd been in the café for an hour when several well-built men wearing semi-formal black suits came in. They would go to the customers and say something in a quiet voice. I didn't understand what was happening. Next to me, the café staff had made a long table. Five young people were sitting around it. They were well-dressed and seemed nervous. The head of their table was still vacant. I assumed someone important would be coming.

The Internet wasn't working well and I decided to go to a different café, so I asked for the bill. Then a man, one of those dressed in semi-formal black suits, came by and said: 'You are welcome to stay. The President will be stopping by. One of our security guards will inspect you'. 'Oh', I thought. 'The President of what?' And then, I understood that these well-built men were the security guards who were inspecting the customers as the President of the country was coming soon.

I don't care about politics and disagree with the President about plenty of things, but none of this kept me from experiencing immediate, feverish anxiety. Later, when the President arrived, stepping out of his luxurious car smiling, my nervousness suddenly disappeared. The President shook hands with exactly half of the people in the café. Then he sat down at the head of the table where a group of five young people were sitting. As I learnt later the meeting had been planned long before as the President wanted to discuss with the young people a new healthcare law for university students.

I heard only some pieces of their conversation such as 'thirty percent' or 'not public yet'. Later they changed the subject and talked about cell phones and social media. I am a journalist and had already decided to write an article about this meeting; so, every word I would catch was interesting to me. The President mentioned that his daughter didn't get her own cell phone until she was 16. This surprised everybody including me. Then I overheard the President saying 'It seems like they don't use Facebook anymore.' I am not sure whom the President meant by *they* but this surprised me even more. Then the meal was over. The President took a photo with the five young people. The crowd cheered as he went out and got back into his luxury car.

1. The article is about
 - A. an expensive café.
 - B. students' favourite place.
 - C. meeting a well-known person.
 - D. a career in journalism.

2. The writer didn't go to work because he
 - A. wasn't feeling well that day.
 - B. wanted to check his emails in a café.
 - C. wanted to have breakfast in a café.
 - D. was meeting the President that day.

3. Why did the writer decide to go to a different café?
 - A. The President was going to come to the café.
 - B. The Internet connection in the café was bad.
 - C. There were several security guards in the café.
 - D. He didn't like the service there.

4. How did the writer feel when the President came into the café?
 - A. Calm
 - B. Happy
 - C. Excited
 - D. Indifferent

5. The President's visit to the cafe
 - A. had an entertaining character.
 - B. was one of the regular visits in that café.
 - C. was a surprise for the young people.
 - D. had been planned beforehand.

6. How many things surprised the writer in what the President said?
 - A. One
 - B. Two
 - C. Three
 - D. Four

7. Which paragraph gives information why the President wanted to meet the young people?
 - A. The first
 - B. The second
 - C. The third
 - D. The fourth

8. Which of the following would be the best title for the text?
 - A. Journalism – the best profession
 - B. The President meets young people
 - C. It's good to be a President
 - D. The President's favourite café

TASK 6: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

age	(A)	facts	(F)	named	(K)
background	(B)	majority	(G)	part	(L)
debate	(C)	manuscript	(H)	performed	(M)
employed	(D)	married	(I)	true	(N)
example	(E)	name	(J)		

William Shakespeare

William Shakespeare is a great British poet and playwright. His plays are (1) in many theatres worldwide. Very few facts are known about William Shakespeare. For (2), we know that he was the third of eight children of John and Mary Shakespeare. He was born in 1564 and lived in the town of Stratford-upon-Avon in the central (3) of England. When Shakespeare was eighteen, he married a woman (4) Anne Hathaway. They had three children. For many years Shakespeare was (5) as an actor in London, in a theatre called The Globe. Shakespeare died in 1616 at the (6) of fifty-two. Apart from those basic (7), not much else is known about Shakespeare's life.

It is believed that Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets and 37 plays - comedies and tragedies. But no one has ever seen an original (8) of his poems or plays, since none of them have survived. According to some researchers the famous tragedies and sonnets could have been created either by Francis Bacon or Christopher Marlowe. Only a small minority of scholars believe that there is no reason to question the authorship of the literary works. Today, the (9) of Shakespearean scholars think that, in spite of his humble educational (10), the man from Stratford-upon-Avon was the (11) author of the well-known literary works. But there are also people who disagree with this widespread opinion. Therefore, the (12) about Shakespeare's identity continues.

TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

French fashion designers

Paris has always been the fashion capital of the Western world, but the period between the two World Wars is often considered as the Golden Age of French fashion. French fashion designers of the 20th century have changed women's clothes in many ways. One of (1) 'revolutionary' changes happened in the first half of the 20th century when a famous French designer Coco Chanel introduced a style (2) was convenient to wear and not expensive to buy. Chanel made women's clothes more casual, convenient (3) sporty. Chanel, (4) dressed women in big free sweaters, wide trousers, suits, raincoats and skirts, created (5) completely new style for that period of time. Chanel thought that women should have the right clothes for their lives and should wear pants and T-shirts instead (6) long dresses and corsets. In 1915 Coco Chanel opened a fashion house in Paris, (7) today is one of the oldest and most famous fashion houses in the world called 'Chanel House'.

Another famous French fashion designer of the 20th century was Christian Dior. His innovative designs and business practices made him the most successful fashion designer (8) the world. His designs have been worn (9) film stars and royalty. The American newspapers called his designs the 'New look' (10) the clothes Christian Dior designed were really new and different. Christian Dior's clothes were extravagant and very beautiful. Not everybody could buy them though, as they were very expensive.

TASK 8: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

Dear Mum,

I'm writing this letter from Tokyo. You can't believe how happy I am. You know that I (1. dream) about visiting Tokyo since my childhood. Now I (2. give) you a quick summary of my two weeks in Japan! As you know, we are here because we (3. invite) by a Japanese high school last summer. When I arrived at Tokyo airport I (4. meet) by Mr Tanaka, my host father. Mr Tanaka drove me home. I was surprised when I noticed that they (5. drive) cars on the left side. But Mr Tanaka explained that in Japan, like in some other countries, people drive on the left. Mr Tanaka and his family live in a four bedroom apartment. As it was Saturday, the entire family – my host mother, a younger sister and two younger brothers – were at home. Everyone in Mr Tanaka's family warmly welcomed me, so I really (6. feel) at home! My host brothers are very good sportsmen and at present they (7. get) ready to participate in the next Olympics.

The following day one of my host brothers took me to a sumo wrestling match. He told me that sumo (8. invent) in the 17th century. I find sumo a very interesting kind of sport. If I were staying in Tokyo for more than six months, I (9. start) going to a sumo club. On Monday my host mother drove me to college. At the college the headteacher showed us, the exchange students, around. After the college tour we (10. introduce) to Japanese students. They were very friendly. At our first Japanese class we were taught some useful words which I (11. use) since then. My stay in Japan has been a lot more challenging than I thought it would be but I still (12. enjoy) it a lot. There goes the bell. I have to rush now.

Hugs

Robert

TASK 9: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to the sports club Aquarius asking for more information about the details which are indicated.

Do you want to be fit and healthy? If so, read this advert carefully.

Our sports club *Aquarius* has been on the market for **many** years now. Our experienced instructors will help you to choose any kind of **water sports** to meet your personal needs. Deadline for application - the **end of this week**. For the membership application form visit our website: *ClubAquarius@org*

How many?

When exactly?

Which?

Write your reply here. The beginning is given. Do not write your name or surname. Use the space given.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement which was published in the online newspaper. _____

Yours faithfully,

